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CONVERSION FACTORS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Multiply	By	To obtain
millimeter (mm)	0.03937	inch (in.)
micrometer (μm)	0.00003739	inch (in.)
milliliter (mL)	0.06102	cubic inch
microliter (μL)	0.00006102	cubic inch
liter (L)	2.113	pint, U.S.
liter	1.057	quart, U.S.
liter	0.2642	gallon, U.S.
square kilometer (km^2)	0.3861	square mile
pound (lb)	0.4536	kilogram

Temperature: Temperature is given in degrees Celsius ($^{\circ}\text{C}$), which can be converted to degrees Fahrenheit ($^{\circ}\text{F}$) by use of the following equation:

$$^{\circ}\text{F} = 1.8 (^{\circ}\text{C}) + 32$$

Concentrations of bacteria are given in colonies per 100 milliliters (col/100 mL) which is the same as colony forming units per 100 milliliters (CFU/100 mL).

Chemical concentrations in water are expressed in milligrams per liter (mg/L).

Other abbreviations used in this report:

APHA	American Public Health Association
CPE	Cytopathic effects, cell-culture analysis for enteric viruses
<i>C. perfringens</i>	<i>Clostridium perfringens</i> , a fecal-indicator bacterium
EDI	Equal discharge increment (streamwater sampling technique)
EWI	Equal width increment (streamwater sampling technique)
GWR	Ground Water Rule, USEPA
HIP	High Intensity Phase of the NAWQA Program
ICR	Information Collection Rule, USEPA
<i>E. coli</i>	<i>Escherichia coli</i> , a fecal-indicator bacterium
MCL	Maximum contaminant level
MF	Membrane-filtration method

MPN	Most-probable number method
mTEC	Membrane filter media for <i>Escherichia coli</i>
NASQAN	National Stream Quality Accounting Network, USGS
NAWQA	National Water-Quality Assessment Program, USGS
NWIS	National Water Information System, USGS
QA/QC	Quality assurance/quality control
RT-PCR	Reverse transcriptase, polymerase-chain reaction, method for enteric virus analysis
SDWA	Safe Drinking Water Act, USEPA
SWTR	Surface Water Treatment Rule, USEPA
TCR	Total coliform Rule, USEPA
USGS	U.S. Geological Survey
UCMR	Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule, USEPA
USEPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

